

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. VI. QU'APPELLE, N. W. T., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1891. No. 23.

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R. E. SMITH, Tonsorial Artist, has opened a shaving and hair-cutting saloon in S. H. Cathart's shoe store, where he is ready to do shaving and hair-cutting in all styles. He invites the patronage of the public. Shop open from 7:30 to 12 o'clock.

S. H. CASWELL, General Merchant.

SCOTT, HAMILTON & DICKSON, Barristers, Advocates, etc. D. L. SCOTT, Q.C. and W. C. HAMILTON, Regina; A. D. DICKSON, Qu'Appelle. Office, first door south of the Qu'Appelle Hotel, Qu'Appelle St. (Formerly office at Justice Head open every Wednesday. Money to Loan.

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HAVING had considerable practice in England, is enabled to offer the public genuine and properly amalgamated preparations in horse and cattle medicine which his experience warrants.
W. L. C. while practicing the veterinary art, was impressed with the fact that the value of a horse depends so much upon his feet, for no matter how perfect the other parts may be, the horse's services are diminished or altogether lost and knowing that bad shoeing is the most common cause of lameness, he will make Scientific principles in shoeing a specialty. Contracts for animal attendance. Operations performed. All charges reasonable.

Very Cheap Rates to & from the Old Country. Allan, Dominion, Beaver & White Star Lines.
Apply to your local agent,
E. W. WARNER, Qu'Appelle.
Or to ROBERT KERR,
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WHEAT & OATS!
The undersigned is prepared to pay the Highest Market Price
For all grades of
WHEAT AND OATS
Delivered at his warehouse, Qu'Appelle Station.
A. M. McLANE.
J. B. ROBINSON
Contractor, Builder,
ETC., ETC.
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All Work in my Line will Receive Careful Attention.
J. H. MacCAUL.
LUMBER
AND
COAL.
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

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WATCHES, CLOCKS,
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PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.
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Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewellery promptly done and all work guaranteed.

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Flour & Feed, Etc.
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In stock, a full line of Coffins & Caskets.

NEW BAKERY.
A. McKenzie,
QU'APPELLE.
BREAD! FRUITS!
CONFECTIONERY, &c.,
Constantly on hand.
Birthday and Bride's Cakes
A SPECIALTY.
JOHN B. MILLIKEN.
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Harness & Saddlery
WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
BELLS,
BLANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

R. JOHNSTON,
QU'APPELLE, ASSIN.
DEALER IN
Agricultural Implements,
Barbed Wire,
Buggies, Buckboards & Wagons
LIVERY,
Feed and Sale Stable
First Class Rigs.
Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
W. D. McFarlane,
QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.
Contractor in Plastering,
Bricklaying & Mason Work.
Estimates Furnished on Short Notice.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
The patronage of the public solicited.

CHOICE FLOWERING PLANTS
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
FOR HOUSE GREENHOUSES
W. L. CLARK, V. S.
Tel. 100. Cash, or if 1st Class Wheat
Toll of 100 lbs. of flour, or 1st Class Wheat
MEALS—25 cents each; Breakfast at 6,
8, 10, 12 noon, Supper at 6, 8, 10, 12
Sundays and Bank-holiday free.
Hay and Oats at the usual prices.
Dated at Winnipeg, Sec. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17
West 2nd Principal Meridian, Jan. 26, 1891.

JUST OPENED.
Choice Tobaccos,
Cigars & Cigarettes.
WM. BRYDON,
Druggist, Stationer
AND SEEDSMAN.
Flower, Field and Garden SEEDS.
S. John's College School
QU'APPELLE STATION.
BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS
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Boys may take up either of two courses:
(1) Classical, preparing for the University, Professional and Teacher's Examinations, or
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Apply
REV. W. NICHOLS,
S. John's College

THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1891.
(From our own correspondent.)
The condition of affairs in Newfoundland and the irritation to which the people are just now giving expression is much to be regretted. The Newfoundlanders appear to think the home government are doing all in their power to override the legitimate wishes of the colony, whereas in fact exactly the reverse is not only true, but patent to every one who will look at the question in a calm and dispassionate manner. For years past successive ministries in the Imperial Parliament have endeavored to come to some acceptable arrangement, but so long as France and Newfoundland are obdurate nothing can be hoped for. The people of the colony merit, and receive the sympathy of both Great Britain and Canada, still they cannot but be aware that Treaty Rights must be observed at all hazards until they are annulled by proper authority, and that any tampering with any such rights either by a colony or the British Government, without the consent of the other parties, interested is to produce virtually a state of war. Who then can blame the Imperial government for refusing to be a party to an unjust act, and probably plunge the whole Empire into a disastrous war, simply because one colony has lost its temper and declines to approach the consideration of the subject in a sensible and statesmanlike manner. The suggestions made by Newfoundland have been declined by France, who will not consider any settlement of her rights, until those rights have been clearly and authoritatively recognised. It must be very distasteful to the Imperial government to have to legislate specially in order to legislate the modus vivendi, but to prove their forbearance and the genuineness of their wishes, not to hurt in any way the susceptibilities of the colonists proceedings, will at once be stayed, on the Newfoundland legislature taking proper steps to enforce the observance of treaty rights, and ample time has been allowed and notice given for them to place their views before the home authorities. The people of Newfoundland must see that a satisfactory solution of the difficulties will be most likely to be brought about by conferring with Great Britain in a sensible businesslike way abstaining in the meantime from all ebullitions of temper, and illwill in the hope that by their united efforts, some satisfactory arrangement may be effected. Should they refuse to do so, two courses would be open to them, provided they had the sanction of Great Britain, either of which would leave them worse off than before, they might wish to become merged in the union, but even then they could not divest themselves of the rights belonging to France for the United States would never consent to abrogate the law of nations in so unjust a manner. The remaining course would be for the colony to become wholly French. Do the Newfoundland people desire this, and what would they gain by it.

The Qu'Appelle Progress,
Is Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office, in the Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.
The rates for one advertising space by contract are as follows:
One column One One Three One
week month month year.
\$5.00 \$10.00 \$15.00 \$50.00
Half column 4.00 8.00 12.00 40.00
Quarter column 3.00 6.00 9.00 30.00
Two inches 2.00 4.00 6.00 25.00
One inch 1.50 3.00 4.50 20.00
Business rates \$1.00 per month payable quarterly.
The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if offered \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.
Business notices, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.
Subscription price: \$1.50 per annum, in advance, single copies 5 cents.
A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.
Address, G. S. DAVIDSON & CO., Qu'Appelle, Assin.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
OFFERS
Greater Inducements to Travelers than Any Other Line.
Time and money saved by taking the famous direct route to
Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, New York, Boston and all points East.
Shortest and quickest route to the Pacific Coast.
Rates \$10 and 25 lower than by any other road.
DIRECT LINE TO ST. PAUL AND CHICAGO.
NO CUSTOMS DIFFICULTIES.
Unequaled passenger equipment. Elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars. Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.
For full information as to time, rates, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent, to E. W. WARNER, Agent, Qu'Appelle, or to ROBERT KERR, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.

Homestead Regulations.
All even-numbered sections of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-West Territories, except 8 and 26, which have not been homesteaded, reserved to provide wood lots for settlers, or other purposes, may be homesteaded by any person who is the sole head of a family, or male over eighteen years of age, to the extent of one quarter section of 160 acres, or more, less.
ENTRY.
Entry may be made personally at the local land office in which the land to be taken is situated, or if the homesteader desires he may, in application to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, or the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, receive authority for some one to make the entry for him. A fee of \$10 is charged for an ordinary homestead entry, but for lands which have been occupied an additional fee of \$10 is chargeable to meet inspection and cancellation expenses.
HOMESTEAD DUTIES.
Under the present law homestead duties may be performed in three ways, and on making application for entry the settler must declare under which of the following conditions he elects to hold his land:
1. Three years' cultivation and residence, during which period the settler may not be absent for more than six months in any one year without forfeiting the entry.
2. Residence for three years anywhere within two miles of the homestead quarter section, and afterwards actual residence in a habitable house upon the homestead for three months next prior to application for patent. Under this system 10 acres must be broken the first year after entry, 15 additional acres the second, and in the third year, 10 acres to be broken the second year, and 25 acres the third year.
3. The five years' system under which a settler may reside anywhere for the first two years (but must perfect his entry by commencing cultivation within six months after the date thereof), breaking five acres the first year, cropping three acres and breaking 10 acres additional the second year, and also building a habitable house upon the end of the second year. The settler must commence actual residence on the homestead at the expiration of two years from the date of entry, and thereafter reside upon and cultivate his homestead for at least six months in each of the three next succeeding years.
APPLICATION FOR PATENT
may be made before the local agent, any homestead inspector or the intelligence officer at Medicine Hat or Qu'Appelle station. Before making application for Patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands of his intention to do so.
INTELLIGENCE OFFICES
are situated at Qu'Appelle Station and Medicine Hat. Newly arrived immigrants will receive at any of these offices information as to the lands that are open for entry, and from the officers in charge, free of expense, advice and assistance in securing lands to suit them.
A SECOND HOMESTEAD
may be taken by anyone who has received a homestead patent or a certificate of recommendation countersigned by the Commissioner of Dominion Lands upon application for patent made by him, or had earned title to his first homestead on, or prior to the second day of June, 1887.
INFORMATION.
Full information respecting the land, timber, coal and mineral laws, and copies of these Regulations, as well as those respecting Dominion Lands in the Railway Belt in British Columbia, may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa; the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg, Manitoba; or to any of the Dominion Lands Agents in Manitoba or the North-West Territories.
A. M. RUGGESS,
Dep. Min. of the Interior.

OUR INDIAN WARDS.
OTTAWA, April 10th.—The annual report of the Superintendent-general of Indian affairs for 1890, has been printed, and will be distributed to-morrow. Commenting on the material condition of the Indians, Hon. Mr. Dewdney points out that considerable progress was made last year by the North-West Indians, who are becoming more and more self-supporting, while the moral status of the Indians is also improving. This Minister deprecates the fact that they are greatly addicted to intoxicants, which, despite the law, they get freely. Efforts will be made to enforce the law. This report states that the prostitution of Indian women in British Columbia is very prevalent. Special legislation on this matter is under consideration.
La grippe prevailed among the Indians last winter and spring in every band from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and as for N. W. the department have had reports from, was attacked. The disease of many bands has been the result.
The industrial schools are all in good order. The number of children in the school are 14,963; number enrolled as pupils at 216 day schools, 5,619; with an average attendance of 2,922; the number of pupils enrolled at nineteen industrial schools, 920, with a daily average attendance of 536; the number of pupils enrolled at boarding schools, 102, with a daily average attendance of 95.
The Indians in Manitoba are said to be making satisfactory progress. There are now a sufficient number of schools to allow for every 25 children. In the North-West Indian matters have proceeded smoothly. The harvest of 1890 was disappointing, but a saving in rates has been effected through these Indians providing for themselves.
Referring to the death of Crowfoot, the report says he died beloved by his people, feared by his foes, esteemed by all.
The amount of the credit of the various Indian bands and of individual Indians for whom the government hold money in trust, was on June 30th 1890, \$3,479,269, and in excess since the previous year of \$504,401. The amount expended during the year was \$2,950,600, being \$528,669 more than in the previous year. The land sold during the year for Indian lands amounted to \$12,551. The appropriation by parliament to meet Indian expenses was \$1,057,561.

Mr. B. P. Richardson, M.L.A., of Grenfell, one of the members of His Honor's Advisory Council, is authority for the statement that Messrs. Brett and Betts are a delegation appointed to proceed to Ottawa to confer with the Government upon reforms which it is proposed to introduce into the new Reform Bill for the North-West Territories. This is a startling item of news. One representative from Banff and one from Prince Albert—two representatives of the discredited Advisory Council—two representatives of the minority—the majority utterly ignored. These two men, judging from their past record, certainly cannot be expected to voice the sentiments of the Territories on the much needed amendments to the Northwest Territories Act. It has generally been considered the duty and prerogative of the majority to advise and initiate legislation; but why these two representatives of the minority should have been appointed and the majority passed by in silent contempt we cannot understand, unless they are self-appointed. But we suppose the Assembly when last in session were a little slack in not nominating a delegation to look after the interest of the Territories in this particular matter, hence the more reason that the draft of the Bill should be in the hands of the people early in the session.—Vidette.

A PROMISING SEED TIME.
Present appearances indicate the immediate approach of one of the very best seasons for grain seeding yet known in the Northwest. The land was well soaked in the fall, and the few weeks of fair weather before the frost set in gave this moisture the opportunity of soaking well into the previously dry subsoil, leaving the surface layer in perfect condition. There are no huge snow drifts to soak low spots and seeding when it does come on may be gone into with perfect freedom. There is little chance of the early plants being checked with sharp frosts later on, as the seed time has been delayed till the warm sun and long days of April can give the most powerful stimulus to prompt germination and after growth. All experience proves that all the very best spring time is that in which the first and second weeks of April are the commencement period of spring wheat sowing. One of the very best of the early harvests of Manitoba was that which followed a seeding begun in the first week of May, for the reason that the land was so moist from melted snow that it could not be earlier gone on to. The rush of vegetation in May and June was so great that the very late seed time was followed by quite an early harvest with a yield never since surpassed.—North-west Farmer.

Qu'Appelle Observatory.
Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, April 14th.
Maximum. Minimum.
Wednesday, April 8th... 56 31
Thursday, April 9th... 54 23
Friday, April 10th... 58 28
Saturday, April 11th... 68 31
Sunday, April 12th... 59 32
Monday, April 13th... 42 25
Tuesday, April 14th... 52 21
WIND VELOCITY AND DIRECTION.
Wednesday, Ap. 8... S E 16 4 E 6
Thursday, Ap. 9... calm 5 S E 4
Friday, Ap. 10... S 12 S W 6
Saturday, Ap. 11th... 14 S W 22
Sunday, Ap. 12th... S W 16 12
Monday, Ap. 13th... S E 4 15 4
Tuesday, Ap. 14th... S E 14 8 4

C. P. R. STEAMERS.
With the approach of the season the large fleet of vessels which are employed in the lake traffic, are being put into requisition and everything being got ready for an early opening of navigation. The Canadian Pacific railway, ever alive to the necessity of upholding the excellent reputation which the route between Port Arthur and Owen Sound has enjoyed, and in order to accommodate the steady increase of business to and from the North-west, will have three steamers on the service during this season, the Alberta and Athabasca being joined by the new steamer Manitoba. The patronage this route has received from the travelling public during the last few years, and the popularity of the "Alberta" and "Athabasca" will be more than sustained by the addition of the "Manitoba." Until this year the two C. P. R. steamers have been the largest and best equipped boats on the lakes, and their reputation for safety and comfort has been well earned. If the expectations formed of the Manitoba, however, are realized the popularity of this favorite route will be much increased, as this splendid vessel in her accommodation, comfort and seagoing qualities has exceptional advantages. She is much larger than the other two boats, and is provided with every modern requirement. The staterooms are handsomely fitted up, have electric lights and bells, and beautiful toilet arrangements, while the spacious saloon with its luxurious sofas and cushions, thick carpets, delicate carvings, elaborate decorations, and with numberless appliances for convenience and comfort make her admittedly superior to anything on the lakes. She has also a promenade deck covered by an awning extending over nearly the whole length of the ship, and which, together with the magnificence of her arrangements, reminds one of the floating palaces of the Atlantic. The superb vessel was built on Georgian Bay where she attracted universal admiration and attention. Her builders did but fair to be able rivals of the foremost English firms. The days of the week upon which each vessel will sail from Port Arthur have not yet been announced.

"RATTING" AT THE ELECTION.
Mr. Trant, of Cotham, who so strongly championed the cause of Mr. Turill in the late election, speaking for him at Moosemin, Wapella and Whitewood, and who is a pronounced Free Trader, but could not go "Unrestricted Reciprocity," and who voted for Mr. Dewdney on polling day, tells his reasons for so doing in a letter to the Free Press, a copy of which we publish below. To the Editor of the Free Press:
Sir,—I ratted at the recent election, and I believe that many thousands of others did the same. What I mean is that although I belonged to no political party, yet I began the campaign by working with the Grits, and I finished by voting with the Conservatives. One has not far to look for an explanation of such defections. The attitude of the Grit leaders to the public was not an honest attitude; and their followers imitated their tactics, with an unworthy subservience. When the keystone of a policy is Unrestricted Reciprocity, it should be boldly declared that one of its chief (because necessary) supports is direct taxation. The advocates of such a policy should state with no uncertain sound, whence shall come the \$15,000,000 of revenue that must be sacrificed "in rerum natura," to say nothing of the further loss of customs duties entailed by the certain diversion of trade from Great Britain to the United States. It is essential to be explicit on this point, because there are two methods only of levying taxation, the direct and the indirect; and for every dollar sacrificed by this, a corresponding dollar must be levied by that—excepting of course such sum as may be saved by more economical government. With unrestricted reciprocity, direct taxation is a sine qua non. It was this feature of the question that the Grits shirked. Indeed they went further than shirking the point. They misrepresented it. The Grit leaders dangled before the electors a vague sort of assurance that nearly one-half of our revenue could be sacrificed without resorting to direct taxation to compensate the sacrifice. Mr. Louvier said that if the finances of the Dominion were entrusted to Sir Richard Cartwright, the thing would be done. Sir Richard Cartwright, clever though he be, is not a magician, and such an assertion could have been made only to bamboozle

public. The excuse for this sort of thing is euphemistically called "strategy." I prefer to call things by their proper names, and I denounce the crafty tactics as disingenuous trickery. The stratagem is resorted to because it is known that direct taxation is repulsive to the people of Canada; and the Grits realized that with it as a plank in their platform they were bound to fail at the polling booth. The plank was there, nevertheless, and all their manoeuvring could not hide it. It is not surprising that Canada is cautious in regard to direct taxation. Even Free Trade England has not seen her way to the full adoption of the system, and to this day raises far more than half her revenue by indirect taxation. When an old nation like England, where the interests of the consumer is paramount, refuses to adopt the system in any but a partial form; it is but natural that a young nation like Canada, in which the interest, not of the consumer, but of the producer, is paramount, should shrink, if not with horror, at any rate with distrust, from so radical a change.

The Grits then asked the people to take a leap in the dark, and a perilous leap too. The platform of the Government, on the other hand, was clear "as nose on man's face, or weathercock on church steeple top." It was the old man, the old dog, the old policy. To many persons such a programme may have been distasteful, but at any rate, it was definite, and we "bear those ills we have, than fly to others that we know not of." If, therefore, the Grits would pose as statesmen, instead of mere politicians, they should cease to be cowards. When they initiate and advocate a policy they ought boldly to face the difficulties it creates, though the difficulties be terrible as the monster in Frankenstein; instead of skulking behind vague platitudes, shadowy phrases, and high falutin promises that cannot be kept.

WM. TRANT.
—Mr. Duncan Beaton, a young Scotchman who has been living in Bottineau county, North Dakota, for the past five years, has just arrived in the Territories to prospect for a homestead. He does not give a pleasant account of the condition of the farmers in the district he came from. He says he only had one good crop during his residence in the country, and his neighbors had the same experience. A number of farmers there have no seed grain this year, and the Government will not assist them, and as a consequence, as many as are in a position to do so, are accepting the inducement offered them by the C. P. R. and Dominion Government to emigrate to this country. Beaton says that the taxes in North Dakota are also a great burden to the farmers. He makes another statement charging the Dakota postal officials with acts which will astonish those who have any faith in the boasted principles of liberty and freedom of the Americans. He says that pamphlets, papers and letters from Canada addressed to Dakota settlers, which are supposed to contain literature advertising Manitoba and the North-West are confiscated by the postal officials while in transit, and never reach their destination. He lost an important business letter in this way. He advises those who wish their communications to be delivered to send them in plain envelopes or wrappers.—Regina Leader.

"SHOUTER TAE SHOUTER"
The publishers of the *Scottish Canadian* very respectfully draw the attention of every loyal "bither" who subscribes to this paper to use their influence in extending its circulation among their friends "at home and abroad." We have every reason to be proud and thankful for the reception we have met with thus far, but if each subscriber would add another name "or two" to our list we would be on a paying basis, and that is where we want to get as early as possible. We have made no mistake in starting a "Scotch paper" in Canada; of this we are assured by the ready and willing response to our "sample copies," sent through the mails, and we will continue to merit the support and "guid wishes" of hundreds of our patrons. Send us names and addresses of your Scotch friends, and we will mail them a sample copy, free. Then let our motto be "shouter tae shouter," as clubs of five can have the paper at one dollar each per annum, or two names at \$1.25 each per annum. Single subscribers \$1.50 per annum, in advance. "Quick march" Shouter tae shouter!—*Scottish Canadian*.

Winnetka Milling Co.,
HEDNESFORD, P.O., REGINA.
RECOGNIZING the great disadvantages under which the Farmers of the Regina District labor, owing to the want of milling facilities, and other causes, John W. Harrison, Edward Day, Wilson and William Henry Hicks beg to announce that they have erected and are commencing the operation of a
CRIST MILL.
Capacity from 30 to 40 barrels a day, and hope for prompt attention to business, moderate charges and square dealing to merit and receive a fair amount of support from the class in whose interests the venture has been made.
TERMS—Cash, or if 1st Class Wheat Toll of 100 lbs. of flour, or 1st Class Wheat MEALS—25 cents each; Breakfast at 6, 8, 10, 12 noon, Supper at 6, 8, 10, 12 Sundays and Bank-holiday free.
Hay and Oats at the usual prices.
Dated at Winnipeg, Sec. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17
West 2nd Principal Meridian, Jan. 26, 1891.

CHOICE FLOWERING PLANTS
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
FOR HOUSE GREENHOUSES
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Tel. 100. Cash, or if 1st Class Wheat
Toll of 100 lbs. of flour, or 1st Class Wheat MEALS—25 cents each; Breakfast at 6, 8, 10, 12 noon, Supper at 6, 8, 10, 12 Sundays and Bank-holiday free.
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West 2nd Principal Meridian, Jan. 26, 1891.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.

—Cricket and baseball clubs should be re-organizing again.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hill returned on Saturday last from England.

—Mr. Sam. Tease has gone to Kamloops to buy two carloads of horses.

—The Qu'Appelle turf club talk of holding their annual race meeting on May 24th.

—Miss McIntosh has gone to Touchwood on a visit to her brother, Mr. Asa McIntosh.

—Mr. H. A. Galbraith, representative of J. & J. Taylors' safe works was in town this week.

—An accident to the Saskatchewan printing press prevented the complete issue of last week's paper.

—It is rumored that a change in the C.P.R. time table will soon be made, by which both trains will arrive four hours earlier.

—The Patrons of Industry of Springfield claim to have made \$700 on wheat alone since the organization of that body, as the result of that union.

—Mr. A. C. Paterson, census enumerator for sub-division No. 23, which includes townships 14 and 15, ranges 1 to 19, inclusive, begins the work of enumeration to-day.

—The Rev. Mr. Tozeland is confined to his bed with inflammatory rheumatism, in consequence of which there was no service in the Methodist church on Sunday last.

—Dr. Bell, M.D., the president of Royal Standard Lodge, No. 112, has been appointed District Deputy Grand officer of Assiniboia for the Sons of England Benevolent Society.

—The lane running between Qu'Appelle and Walsh streets is in a most disgraceful condition, and we trust that the proper authorities will see that it is immediately looked after.

—Through mails to the Coast are now sent daily, and we trust that the people along the line of the C.P.R. will be treated by the Post Office Department in a similar manner before many months pass.

—Immigrants are coming in daily, and still there is room for a large number of the right class, men who are capable of appreciating the great advantages this country affords, and are determined to succeed.

—A team belonging to Mr. Wm. Henley ran away on Saturday, while in charge of his little boy, who narrowly escaped being seriously hurt. The street is not a very safe playground for children. Similar accidents are liable to occur at any time, and many children are always to be found exposed to the danger of being run over.

—A man named Harrison, from Balgonie, was charged before Messrs. Gisborne and McLane, J.P.s, on Thursday last, by Chas. Peltier, a half-breed, with stealing a horse. On coming into court Peltier swore that he did not mean to charge Harrison with stealing, and that he misunderstood the interpreter when laying the information. The magistrates discharged the case.

—A man named Fox, while driving on the trail near the railroad, two miles east of Indian Head, on Monday afternoon, was killed by the horses becoming scared at a passing train. Spurring forward so suddenly threw him from the back of the wagon on his head. He never spoke after striking the ground. Fox had only arrived on Saturday from England with a large family of small children.

—Our remarks a few weeks ago in reference to the seizure of a carload of settlers effects by the Police at this point led the people of Palmerston to think that the party alluded to as having written to the Police authorities was Mr. J. W. Hunt, the cattle king of that town. The Palmerston Telegraph says that Mr. Hunt emphatically denies having written any such letter, and we have no doubt but that his friends out here will exonerate him from any connection with such contemptible business, but the fact remains that the police were acting on a letter from a party who signed himself "Hunt," and it is not our business to locate the individual.

—On Thursday, April 23rd, a lecture will be given at the government hall by the Rev. John Serkis, of Malabar, India. It is hoped there will be a good attendance. The Rev. John Serkis is traveling giving lectures. The branch of the church to which he belongs was one of the earliest formed, during the persecution of the Christians in Jerusalem in the early Christian era. Some of the Christian Jews fled to and settled down on the Malabar coast, India, where their descendants still exist, carrying on the primitive form of worship delivered to them from the apostles. The lecturer will be dressed in the Indian clerical costume. Seats 25 and 35 cents each. Funds will be applied for the benefit of the Jesuit Christian church.

—Mr. Hartley Gisborne, district superintendent of telegraph service, N.W.T., received 100 ornamental trees from the Experimental Farm at Ottawa last spring, which he planted on his estate, with most gratifying results. Over seventy per cent. are growing. Mr. Gisborne has also lilacs in his garden that have lived through two winters, and he feels satisfied that they can be successfully grown in this country.

—The Emerald Duet of Gospel Temperance workers, Messrs. J. Parsons Smith and Harrie E. Webb, will hold meetings in this town as follows: On Sunday next at 11 o'clock a.m. Mr. Webb will conduct the Baptist service in McLane's hall, and there will be a union mass meeting at 7 o'clock p.m. in the Methodist church conducted by the Duet. Gospel Temperance meetings on the following Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, in the Methodist church at 8 o'clock. The Emeralds are highly spoken of as beautiful singers and good speakers.

EDGELEY.

Mr. Russell Fallis returned to Carberry, Man., on Wednesday last, having been on a short visit to friends here.

—J. M. Scott, brother of Mrs. John Tate, has been dangerously ill with an attack of la grippe. We hope soon to hear of his recovery.

—Mr. R. S. Johnston, brother-in-law of Mr. John Tate, who lately arrived from Ontario, has moved with his family to the farm of Mr. Thos. West, having leased same for the summer. He got a good place at a fair rent.

—Mr. Robert Craig, brother of Mr. J. Craig, and W. J. Craig, his son, also newly arrived, are settled with their families, the former on Mr. Andrew Gray's farm, which he has rented for the season, and the latter on the farm lately occupied by Mr. Wm. Bell, and purchased by Mr. Craig last summer. Such settlers are always welcome to our settlement. We hope for them a prosperous future, and wish them every success.

SINTALUTA.

Seeding is going on briskly, and things are beginning to look like life.

—Mr. Henry Howe has moved back to the farm for the summer. He intends putting up his new boarding house.

WHITEWOOD.

A special sitting of the Supreme Court opened here on the 8th inst., Hon. Mr. Justice Wetmore presiding. Present: W. White, Q.C., R. C. Stevenson, F. F. Forbes, Sheriff Murphy, all of Moosomin.

The cases to be tried were: The Queen vs. Kobalt; the Queen vs. La Cue; and North of Scotland Loan Co. vs. Joseph A. Blacklock. In the Queen vs. Kobalt, the prisoner is charged with stealing a quantity of goods and wearing apparel from Camd de Rouffigne, of Rouffigne, and as he elected to be tried by jury, was remanded until next day. In the Queen vs. La Cue, the prisoner is charged with stealing a quantity of goods and wearing apparel from Camd de Rouffigne, of Rouffigne, and as he elected to be tried by jury, was remanded until next day. In the North of Scotland Loan Co. vs. Joseph A. Blacklock, the plaintiff sued the defendant for two years' interest on mortgage due; the defendant set up that the contract between the company and himself was not carried out, and claimed damages. Judgment for plaintiff for \$35 and costs. The case of Kobalt came on for the 9th trial, a jury having been empanelled. D. Campbell sitting as an associate justice of the peace. After hearing a large number of witnesses for both Crown and prisoner, the jury retired, and returned 10:30 p.m., disagreed, and could not find a verdict. W. White, Q.C., Crown prosecutor, and R. Stevenson for the prisoner. The jury disagreed on the first charge, Emile Kobalt was charged with stealing a quantity of goods, and this count was found guilty and sentenced to two years in Manitoba penitentiary, to which place he was conveyed by Sheriff Murphy and escort on Saturday.

MOOSOMIN.

Sheriff Murphy is absent just now, having taken a prisoner to Stonewall.

G. S. Davidson, Esq., M.L.A., is here instructing the census enumerators of this district in their duties. Owing to the number of questions having to be put and answered, and the voluminous details necessary to be learnt by the enumerators, it is found that quite a system of drill is required, in order that, as far as possible, no errors shall creep in, and to avoid the possibility of any mistakes happening.

Last Sunday afternoon a large congregation assembled at the Methodist church, the occasion being the anniversary service connected with the Oldfellers' Society. The Rev. A. Cross, of Winnipeg, preached the sermon, which was very effective and pointed in its application to the occasion. These services are looked forward to by a large section of the townpeople here with much interest, and are always greatly appreciated. On this occasion, also, the choir surpassed themselves in their graceful rendering of "Safely through another year" and the always popular anthem, "Behold, how good and joyful a thing it is brethren, to dwell in unity." Bro. R. L. D. Keenan taking the solo in a masterly manner. In the evening the same reverend gentleman held service, at which the choir sang that beautiful anthem, "I will lift up mine eyes." Mrs. Tees and Miss Ada Chappell sang the duet, and T. B. Cross the bass solo.

DEATH OF P. T. BARNUM.

Barnesport, Conn., April 7.—P. T. Barnum died at 6:30 this evening.

Phineas T. Barnum was in his eighty-first year, having been born in Bethel, Connecticut, on July 5th, 1810. He became a resident of New York in 1834, and in 1841 embarked in the business in which he made his fame and money by purchasing the American Museum of that city. He soon began developing those qualities of enterprise which made him the greatest showman of the century, and in a few years had acquired an immense fortune. In 1875 he retired and removed to Bridgeport, Conn., where he engaged in real estate operations and manufacturing industries. The following year Jenny Lind visited America, and sang in 93 concerts under his auspices. The Bridgeport enterprise proved financially failures, and he resumed his management of the Museum, which soon earned another fortune for him; and in 1888 he again announced his retirement from his business.

A quiet life was an impossibility, however, to one of his activities, and in a few years he was out on the road with his great circus, which has been seen in all the leading cities of this continent and of Europe. Though three times married out, suffering heavily each time, Mr. Barnum will leave a large fortune to his family.

Mr. Barnum served a term in the Connecticut legislature in 1865, but was defeated the following year in running for Congress. He is also the author of a number of works, mostly autobiographical, recording the strenuous struggles of his youth, and his successes in after life. He was an ardent Temperance advocate, and frequently lectured on that topic.

BIRTHS.

Barnes, on March 19th, the wife of J. R. Barnum, of a son.

\$750 IN GOLD.

It is not yet too late to enter the Dominion Illustrated prize competition, which at the end of the current six months prizes to the value of over \$3,000 will be distributed. The first prize is \$750 in gold, and the list includes a Heintzman piano, \$1,000; a Kamm organ, \$500; a gold watch and other valuable articles—100 in all. The smallest is valued at \$5. The competition consists in finding in current numbers of the journal the answers to thirty-six questions, six of which are published each month. For sample copy and full particulars send 12 cents in stamps to the publishers, Le Sablon-Litho. & Pub. Co., Montreal.

SIT DOWN AND THINK.

Sit down and think: 1st, that dyspepsia is caused by wrong action of the stomach; 2nd, that Burdock Blood Bitters is ordered to correct and regulate the stomach; 3rd, that it always cures dyspepsia and costs less than a cent a dose. Can you afford to be dyspeptic?

HAYGARD'S PECTORAL BALM.
Haygard's Pectoral Balm gives prompt relief in coughs, colds, hoarseness, whooping cough, croup, asthma or bronchitis. It is the most pleasant and perfect throat and lung healer in the world for children or adults. Price 25c.

SPEAKING OF TIPS.

A tip is a piece of special or valuable information, such as this, that Haygard's Yellow Oil is a prompt and effective cure for croup, colds, hoarseness, sore throat, pleurisy, neuritis, sprains or soreness of any kind. Known as reliable over 30 years.

IMPORTANT AND TRUE.

No better evidence of the fact that Burdock Blood Bitters is a certain remedy for all blood disorders can be asked than that of Mr. Geo. V. Thomas, druggist, of Hull, P. Q., whose wife was cured of cancer by B. B. B. The family doctor is certain that the disease was cancer and that it is now cured.

REGULAR COMMUNICATION at Qu'Appelle Lodge, No. 34, A. F. & A. M., G. R. M., on Tuesday evening, April 21st. Visiting brethren will be welcome to attend.

A. C. PATERSON, W.M.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to noon, Friday, 15th May, for the erection of a Stone School House for School District of Red Fox Valley District, No. 72. Parties may tender for stone work or carpenter work separately if they wish, or for the whole work. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications to be seen at the residence of the undersigned, see 16, 17, 18, 19, west 2nd. SAMUEL W. BISHOP, Secretary.

FARM TO RENT.

SEED WHEAT and Early Rose Potatoes for sale. Apply to JOHN WILSON, See. 32-37-15, near McLean Station.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received at this office up to noon of SATURDAY, 9th May, 1891, for the delivery of Indian Supplies, during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1892, consisting of Flour, Beef, Bacon, Groceries, Ammunition, and other Agricultural Implements. Each tender must be accompanied by a contract in duplicate in favor of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, on a Canadian Bank, for at least five per cent of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract based on such tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted, the check will be returned, and a contract be entered into for a part only of the supplies tendered for, an accepted cheque for five per cent of the amount of the contract may be substituted for that which accompanied the tender, and the contract security cheque will be retained by the Department until the end of the fiscal year.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two witnesses acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract based on his tender.

This advertisement is not to be inserted by any newspaper without the authority of the Queen's Printer, and no claim for payment by any newspaper not having had such authority will be admitted.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent-General
Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, March, 1891.

Mail Contracts.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 15th May next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on proposed Contracts, for four years over each of the following routes from the 1st July next:

BALGONIE and LOON CREEK, once per week computed distance 37 miles.
CRAVIN and TREGARVA, once per week computed distance 74 miles.
DENNINGTON and POBCELA, once per week computed distance 26 miles.
LUNDEN STATION and MARIETON, once per week computed distance 26 miles.
MOOSE JAW and RAILWAY STATION, twice times per week computed distance 4 miles.
PARKIN and WAPELLO, once per week computed distance 14 miles.
REINA and RAILWAY STATION, twice times per week computed distance 4 miles.
REINA and WASCANA, once per week computed distance 12 miles.
SINTALUTA and RAILWAY STATION, three times per week computed distance 4 miles.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contracts may be seen and blank forms of Tender obtained at the Post Office, at the termination of the respective routes and at this office.

W. W. MCLEOD,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office,
Winnipeg, 27th March, 1891.

LOW'S WORM SYRUP.

DESTROYED AND REMOVES WORMS IN THE SYSTEM OF CHILDREN OR ADULTS SWEET AS SYRUP AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD.

THE CANADA NORTHWEST LAND CO (LIMITED).

OFFERS FOR SALE

In the Qu'Appelle District, AND OTHER PARTS OF THE TERRITORIES, SELECTED FARM LANDS.

For Information, Prices and Maps, apply to

W. B. SCARTH,

Managing Director, Winnipeg.

Or to F. L. Oslsr, Agent in Qu'Appelle.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY TOWN LOTS.

The Townsite Trustees offer for Sale BUILDING SITES

At all Stations on the Main Line between Brandon and Calgary.

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee

F. L. OSLER, Agent at Qu'Appelle.

STRAYED.

SORREL PONY, 2 years old, white face, 3 white legs; branded S on off shoulder; tail was cut square. Last seen on Indian reserve (Grant's). Any information leading to recovery of him will be amply rewarded.

SAMUEL HASTINGS,
Blackwood P.O., Assn., Qu'Appelle Valley.

LOST OR STOLEN.

ABOUT the 1st of December last, a Cream-colored Horse, with black mane and tail; about 14½ hands high; branded JG on left hip. A suitable reward will be paid to anyone returning it to the undersigned, on see 36, 15, 15, 14. Any person holding same after date of this notice will be prosecuted.

EDWIN HILL,
Qu'Appelle Station.

LOST.

LOST on the 27th of March, somewhere between Mr. Empe's dwelling house, and Mr. McLane's warehouse a coin silver watch. The finder will greatly oblige the undersigned by leaving the same at the Queen's or Leland house.

WM. BROLEY,
Qu'Appelle.

FARM TO RENT.

ADJOINING the town of Qu'Appelle, 40 acres broken, 80 acres fenced, good well, and for sale the N.W. quarter, 6, 19, range 15, near Edgely, on easy terms. For terms, apply to A. C. PATERSON, Qu'Appelle Station, or G. B. MURPHY, Moosomin.



DOMINION OF CANADA. GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

By the Honorable EDGAR DEWNEY, Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

To all to whom these presents may come, or whom the same may in anywise concern: GREETING:

WHEREAS it is in and by the Act of the Parliament of Canada, bearing the 43rd Chapter of the Revised Statutes of Canada, intitled "An Act respecting Indians," amongst other things in effect enacted that the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs may, when he considers it in the public interest to do so, prohibit, by public notice to that effect, the sale, gift or disposal of any Indian in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, or in the North-West Territories or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge; and every person who after such notice, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent General, sells or gives, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the section of country thus prohibited any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, shall incur a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars, or shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than six months, or to both fine and imprisonment within the limits aforesaid, at the discretion of the Court before which the conviction is had.

NOW KNOW YE, that I, the said Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, considering it to be in the public interest so to do, and having reference to the previous public notice on the subject, dated the 8th day of August, 1887, do hereby give public notice that the sale, gift or other disposal of any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada, or in any part thereof, of any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge is hereby prohibited, and that the same prohibition is hereby extended to the Indians of Manitoba, and that every person who, without the permission in writing of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs for the true being, sells or gives away, or in any other manner conveys to any Indian in the North-West Territories of Canada or in any part thereof, or in the Province of Manitoba or in any part thereof, any fixed ammunition or ball cartridge, will incur the penalties provided by the said Act.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed these presents at my office in the City of Ottawa, this Twenty-seventh day of January, 1891.

EDGAR DEWNEY,
Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

FARM TO LET.

A FIRST CLASS FARM to let, near Qu'Appelle Station. Fifty acres under cultivation. Good frame house, stables and out-buildings; an unlimited supply of good water.

Apply at
PROGRESS OFFICE.

BURDOCK PILLS

A SURE CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, BRUISES, RHEUMATISM, STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE ADJUTANT TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASE.

NOTICE. WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

TRADESMEN, Manufacturers and Owners of Weights, Measures and Weighing Machines generally, are especially requested to request to demand from the officer who makes the inspection, an official certificate ("Form O. G.") with the words "Original for the Trade" printed at the head thereof, properly filled out and stamped, and also at the same time, carefully ascertain whether or not the stamps attached to such certificate represent exactly the value and amount of cash paid. Traders are requested to bear in mind that certificates of verification are of no value whatever unless stamped covering the full amount of fees charged are attached.

3. Owners and holders of these official certificates are specially requested to keep them carefully for two years, and in order to secure their safe keeping it would be advisable to place them in their places of business in the manner in which ordinary license certificates are done, for it must be distinctly understood that all traders who are unable to produce their properly stamped certificates, when asked to do so by an inspector or assistant inspector, or, if probability, have to pay over again their verification fees.

E. MIALI,
Commissioner

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS unlocks all the closed avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually all the impurities of the system, all the humors and all the humors of the secretions, at the same time correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Bruires of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Flattering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

For Sale by all Dealers.

T. McLEOD & Co., Proprietors, Toronto.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! NOW SELLING AT VERY LOW FIGURES!

MY STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes,
Clothing, Dry Goods,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY & GROCERIES

is still very complete. Please give us a call and see for yourself.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,

Qu'Appelle Station, N.W.T.

JAMES HORNE, Prop.

Strictly First Class in Every Respect.

COWAN & EDWARDS,

QU'APPELLE STATION,

General Agents for

A. HARRIS, SON & CO'S

"Brantford" Implements and Machinery and the Celebrated

J. I. CASE THRESHING MACHINES.

Dealers in Carriages, Cutters, Grain Crushers and small goods of all kinds

PUMPS specially made for this country and warranted not to freeze up

See our new Four Section Disc Harrow before buying.

Local Agents at all principle points. Send for free catalogue.

J. A. COWAN.

S. R. EDWARDS.

Open up our New Goods,

And the balance will soon arrive.

Our Stock will then be complete in Every Line.

WE INVITE INSPECTION!

And would ask any one desiring to purchase anything in our line to write us for quotations if they cannot call on us personally.

CHOPPING DONE.

We have our chopper set up and in working order, and would be glad if you would give us a trial, if you have chopping to do. We will guarantee satisfaction. Also CHOP FOR SALE in any quantities. Wednesdays are our days for chopping. Don't be afraid to come any day that suits you. We can steam up and be chopping in 40 minutes.

SPERLING & HAWKES,

BALCONIE.

BIG RUSH!

C. G. BOOTH,

Has Received a Carload of A No. 1 Flour

WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT BOTTOM PRICES.

An Early Call is Solicited.

STAND ON QU'APPELLE STREET.

REMEMBER THE ADDRESS!

G. A. McTAVISH,

INVERTAVISH NURSERY

VICTORIA, B. C.

IF YOU WANT

SEEDS! PLANTS! SHRUBS! TREES!

OR ANY GARDEN REQUISITE!

SEND FOR MY CATALOGUE.

I Have the Most Complete Establishment on the Pacific Coast

HEALTHY PLANTS! FRESH SEEDS! FINE TREES! EVERYTHING OF THE BEST!